

Telephone 694-118.

Sat. May 27, '99.

Men's Furnishings



For Saturday we offer some special bargains in our men's furnishing department that will interest the men folk hereabouts.

White laundered shirts, all linen bosoms, perfect fitting, 75c and \$1.00 each. The Elgin patent white shirt, laundered or unlaundered, \$1.00 each. Fine Negligee shirts, made with cuffs to match and neck band for white collars, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 each. Arrow Brand Collars, 15c or 2 for 25c. Men's fancy striped cotton half hose, 15c and 25c a pair. Fancy striped lisle thread half hose, new patterns at 35c and 50c a pair. Solid color half hose, tans, blue and black, all with white socks, 25c a pair.

Extra fine quality of black lisle thread half hose, with cotton split heel, 50c a pair. Men's fine balbriggan underwear at 50c, 75c and \$1.00 a garment. Superior quality Derby ribbed shirts and drawers, 50c each. Men's ribbed combination suits, long or short sleeves, extra value at \$2 each. New styles in summer neckwear, string tie, in wash goods, at 5c, 10c and 15c. Shield or band bows in wash goods at 10c each.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

1. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

ITALY STILL FEELS STING

Reference to Defeat in Erythra Causes Up-
roar in the Chamber.

BARRATIERY IS CHARGED WITH COWARDICE

Member Accuses Him of Having
Fled, Leaving His Troops to Be
Massacred by Menelik's
Abyssinians.

ROME, May 26.—Former Premier Crispi in the Chamber of Deputies today asked permission to explain the circumstances leading to the Italian rout in Erythra. His remarks led to an immense uproar, during which anathemas were hurled indiscriminately and the din became so great that the session was suspended. After its resumption there was a repetition of the scenes here mentioned. Senator Ferry, socialist, accused General Barratiery, who commanded the Italian forces in Erythra, of fleeing and leaving his troops in the lurch. Ferry refused to withdraw his accusation and in the midst of indescribable uproar the house adjourned.

The rout in Erythra refers to the defeat of the Italian army, commanded by General Barratiery at Adowa, the Italian East African colony, in March, 1896. The exact number of men killed and made prisoners on that occasion has not been made public, but the Italian war office officials during the exciting scenes which followed Italy's reverse, in the Chamber of Deputies admitted that about 12,000 native Italian troops were engaged, in addition to some 7,000 auxiliaries, and that about 150 officers and 5,000 men were killed by the forces of Menelik of Abyssinia. In addition it is known that a large number of Italians were made prisoners. Some reports at that time had it that the Italians lost about 10,000 men in killed and wounded, in addition to losing five pieces of artillery and their ammunition and wagon trains.

Barratiery is Acquitted.

General Barratiery, who commanded the Italian troops at Adowa, former governor of Erythra, was tried by court-martial and acquitted of having attacked the Abyssinians from inaccessible positions, under circumstances rendering defeat inevitable, and of having abandoned the chief command of the troops from 12:30 on March 1, until 9 o'clock on March 3, thereby failing to give the orders required for lessening the consequences of the defeat.

The advocate general in his address for the prosecution at the time of the court-martial demanded that the general be sentenced to ten years confinement in a fortress.

Senator Crispi was vehement at the time of this disaster to the Italian arms and a great deal of the odium fell upon him. His resignation was accepted on March 24, 1898, after

"One Grain Fills not a Sack,
But Helps Its Fellows."

In Spring work, we sow grain and expect a harvest. The cloddy ground is plowed, harrowed and cross-harrowed until with proper fertilizing it is in condition to respond heartily. How about your blood? It should have attention; the clods of impurity need dissolving and purifying with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

If this is done, the grains of health (corpuscles of blood) will bring you into a perfect state, making you better fitted for life's duties and pleasures. Hood's never disappoints.

Sore Eyes.—Honor in the blood made my daughter's eyes sore, so that we feared blindness, until Hood's Sarsaparilla made her entirely well. E. B. Gibson, Henniker, N. H.

Erysipelas.—My little girl is now fat and healthy on account of Hood's Sarsaparilla curing her of erysipelas and eczema. It is our family medicine, as we all take it. Mrs. H. O. Wheatley, Fort Chester, N. Y.

Catarh.—I was so low with catarh that I could not see the track and found it cut to pieces. I was about to settle with the old man, as there was no other way out of it, when his 10-year-old boy came running up.

"Pop!" he gasped, "there's another cow dead! Hurry up and we'll drag her down here and make the old railroad think that they have killed two this time."

"Well, the truth of the matter was that the old man's stock had been dying from some cause and he with great forethought had dragged the victims down on the railroad track and pounded a few holes in the track with a pickaxe and then calmly notified the railroad to settle."

Novel Literary Decision.—Atlanta Constitution. The citizens of a small settlement, in which there were no school facilities, decided on a literary club, or debating society, for the improvement of the mind.

A drummer came along and gave them the first subject for debate—"Who was the greatest poet, Tenyson or Browning?" As a majority of the members knew nothing of either, an old inhabitant rose in meeting and said:

"Seem as we ain't got no books here to go by, I move that Tenyson and an' Bill Spurlin get out in the middle of the meetin' an' see which 'tows the other down best. We'll give each one o' them the name o' one o' the gentlemen we're debatin' an' decide the question that way."

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MORMON SOLOX UNDER BAN

Presbyterian Assembly Places Interdict on
Roberts of Utah.

CONGRESS PETITIONED TO CAST HIM FORTH

Movement is Started Toward Securing
Constitutional Amendment
Defining Legal Marriage to
Be Monogamic.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 26.—It took the general assembly of the Presbyterian church longer to decide today than the nineteenth century ends than it did to pass the resolutions against the Mormon congressman, Roberts, and in favor of the anti-polygamy amendment to the national constitution. These resolutions, which represent the matured thought of the Presbyterians of the United States after many months of consideration, so exactly expressed the sentiment of every commissioner that they were adopted without even a single supporting speech.

The commissioners generally felt that in calling for the expulsion of Roberts and for the adoption of an amendment to the national constitution, defining legal marriage to be monogamic, they have started a movement which will be taken up all over the country and will reach eventual success. The adopted resolutions were originally written by Rev. William Paden of Salt Lake City, but were modified and expanded by the committee on bills and overtures, though not essentially.

As for the end of the nineteenth century, one of the reports spoke of next year as the opening of the new century. Upon objection and after a little debate the stated clerk held that next year is the last of this century. Presbyterians will henceforth act along without this exciting topic of discussion.

CALLS SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Decision to Be Reached Regarding
Formulation of Currency Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Senator Aldrich, chairman of the senate committee on finance, has issued a call for a meeting of that committee to be held at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, on the 9th of June. The meeting is expected to decide what course the committee will pursue under the resolution of the last session of congress permitting the committee to hold meetings during the congressional vacation. It is now considered probable that the committee will authorize a sub-committee consisting of the republican members to take up the financial question with the view of recommending a bill to the next session of congress. Some members of the committee are in Europe and it is not expected that a full meeting will be secured.

Debtors Must Apply to Brooke.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—There is small probability of the War department reopening the question of further extending Cuban credits and conforming to the recommendations of the committee of Cubans, headed by Senator Juno, which had prepared to start from Havana for Washington. This committee was appointed at a meeting of persons interested in the mortgage issue who hold that the extension already granted by the War department is insufficient to protect the debtors. When Secretary Alger's attention was called to the matter, he gave it careful consideration and today sent a cablegram to General Brooke directing him to deal with the subject in his own discretion. It is unlikely that the committee will make the journey to Washington.

Guatemala Pleads for Its Neighbor.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Guatemala has in a manner sought to intervene between the United States and Honduras in the present crisis. The Honduran government has resisted the demand to the utmost for an indemnity of \$10,000 in behalf of the relatives of Pears. One of its movements was to ask to have the case referred to arbitration; but the facts were so clear and the demands so strong that the State department declined the proposition. Now, United States Minister Hunter has informed the State department that the Guatemalan minister at Tegucigalpa, the Honduran capital, has come forward with an earnest appeal to the United States to arbitrate the case and not act harshly toward Honduras.

Big Scotch Firm From Falls.

GLASGOW, Scotland, May 26.—A great sensation has been caused by the failure of Neilson Brothers, an important firm engaged in the iron and steel trade. They had long been Glasgow pig iron and were heavily overdrawn when the corner in warrants was engineered. It is calculated that the concern lost \$1,250,000 during the past year. The total liabilities are unknown. Neilson Brothers were the largest dealers and exporters of ship plates in Scotland.

GOOD USE FOR DEAD COWS.

How a Trickster Farmer Planned to
Cheat a Railroad Company.

"I was a great success," laughed the claim agent, talking to a New York Sun man, "and if I hadn't by the merest chance tumbled to the old man's game it might have been going on yet. Some time ago I was notified that a man down the road had had a cow killed by the cars. That he had put in a claim for damages. I looked the matter up and as it was perfectly straight on the face of it there was nothing to do but to settle with the old man on the best terms that I could get. I did so and was hardly back when I was again notified that the old man had had another cow killed by the cars."

"I looked into that claim a little more carefully, but it was all right as far as I could see, and I settled with him. Before I had time to catch a train back to the city the old man sent me word that he had had another cow killed by the cars. This struck me as being very strange, particularly so as none of the train crews had reported killing any cows. Moreover, they all denied it when questioned about it."

"I went out where the cow was still lying by the side of the track and found it cut out to pieces. I was about to settle with the old man, as there was no other way out of it, when his 10-year-old boy came running up."

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LUTHERAN SYNOD AT WORK

Committee Appointed to Consider Me-
morial, One of Which is from
Nebraska.

BRYAN HAS SEEN A NEW LIGHT

Says Trusts Will Be the Most Im-
portant Issue of the Next
Campaign.

ST. LOUIS, May 26.—W. J. Bryan when seen today as he was about to take a train at the Union station expressed himself as much pleased with the result of his night's meditation. He said: "It was a grand success, all the evening—a great success. The gathering was immense, enthusiastic and democratic. I was glad to be there."

Speaking of the platform to be adopted at the national democratic convention Mr. Bryan said: "The Chicago platform will be reaffirmed and new planks added to cover new questions. The trust issue will be the most important of the issues."

Spanish Evacuate Zamboanga.
MADRID, May 26.—The minister of war, General Polavieja, has received a dispatch announcing the evacuation of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, by the Spanish garrison. The dispatch further said that the Spaniards had declined to assent to the Filipinos' demands that the arms and munitions of war should be surrendered with the city, fighting, ensued, the Spaniards suffering some loss. The dispatch adds that the commandant of the garrison, General de la Cruz, had been killed and that the conquest of Mindanao will prove to be a tough task.

Bates Stated for Carey's Place.
WASHINGTON, May 26.—Brigadier General Asa R. Carey, paymaster general of the army, was today granted a leave of absence to and including July 12, on which day he will go on his relief at an account of age. Colonel Alfred E. Bates, who, next to Colonel Frank M. Cox, is the ranking officer in the pay department, has been assigned to duty as acting paymaster general and the assignment is accepted by all the officers of the department.

Baptists Review Work of Year.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—After devotional exercises this morning the National Baptist conference listened to the report of the "Dissemination of Baptist Literature," which showed that a vast amount of work had been done during the year. Rev. L. T. Henry of Indiana, chairman of the committee, followed with an interesting address on the "Dissemination of Baptist Literature." Rev. Jay Pruden of Utah told of what was being done to spread the Baptist faith among the Mormons. He said the outlook for the church in his state was bright.

Cadets Go to Camp.
ASHLAND, Neb., May 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The university cadets arrived here this evening on the 6:45 train, 400 strong, and went into camp at Deer street park. They will remain here until the 30th inst. and give a dress parade and drill each day.

Looking for George H. Jamison.
The police are endeavoring to locate George H. Jamison, who is wanted by Sheriff William DeFord in Wapello, Ia., for obtaining goods under false pretenses. Jamison is known to have been in Omaha in the city and in South Omaha, where he fled John L. Carey out of \$35 on a bogus check. Several others fled prey to his smooth talk also. He represented he was a member of one of the leading hotels in the city. What enabled him to give a better impression was his physical condition. He appeared to be suffering from rheumatism, claiming that his limbs pained him greatly. This is believed to have been assumed. He is described as a man of light complexion, 32 years of age, five feet ten inches in height, weighing about 135 lbs. Jamison's craft is to induce men to cash worthless checks or drafts, and it is estimated that he has secured \$180 at least in Omaha. No report of his work has attracted attention in Omaha.

Rev. Mathew Wilbur Chase Will Arrive
in Omaha this morning and will preach his first sermon in his capacity of pastor to the First Methodist church at that edifice on Sunday, the services beginning at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 o'clock p. m.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.
E. E. Wright, representing the Otis elevators of Chicago, is at the Millard.

Irma Mallory, a North Platte merchant, was one of the Murray's guests at the Millard.

Victor E. Huntzicker and Mark Hopkins of Salt Lake City are guests at the Millard.

George W. Fine, a merchant of Cozad, Neb., accompanied by his wife and child, is at the Murray.

Among the Murray's commercial guests are J. M. Gettelman, Chicago, and C. E. Prince, St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. James Feagins of Alliance are guests of the Murray. Mr. Feagins is a prominent stock grower.

Manager Norman Crampton, William E. Broderick, W. H. Fitzgerald and C. Buchner of the Hutchinsonians are at the Murray.

T. M. Patterson, editor and proprietor of the Rocky Mountain News, and W. P. Hillhouse of Denver are guests of one of the leading hotels.

James Mitchell of Valley, Neb., started Friday evening for Ireland to see once more the scenes of his boyhood days and the home of his forebears. He will be absent about three months.

At the Millard: Mark Hopkins, Salt Lake; Otto Sinauer, New York; J. H. Neilson, E. Wright, Chicago; J. L. Mortman, Pittsburg; J. B. Cogswell, Fort Steele; Mr. and Mrs. M. Yates, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. J. Yonamas, Waukesha; Mr. and Mrs. George J. Kispit, Jefferson; Mr. and Mrs. E. Decker, Green; Mr. and Mrs. Siders, Wahoo; George H. Ulrich, Kosciusko.

At the Murray: P. J. Hindmarsh, St. Louis; R. M. Dwight, Hamilton; C. E. Drew, Burlington; William Wolf, Chicago; L. W. Tatum, St. Joseph; A. H. Clinton, Chicago; G. Feldenebner, D. W. Buckingham, T. A. Burke, New York; M. E. Timms, H. Horneman, Chicago; James Hassett, Paducah; E. C. Chubbuch, Omaha; John Mattes, Jr., Nebraska City.

Nebraskans at the hotels: S. H. Alexander, Lincoln; L. P. Sille, Lincoln; R. M. Faddis, Brownlee; Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Irvin, Gordon; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Love, Tekamah; W. E. Sharp, Aurora; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Whittemore, Neligh; J. K. Baker, Beemer; L. M. Hodges, Wood River; W. E. Smith, Neligh; W. W. Waitton, Okala; John H. Mesier, Auburn; B. L. Kerr, Craig; Ed Bonneau, Tekamah.

At the Klondike: William Riley, Platte Center; A. Allen, Sioux City; Frank Bodie, Hoskins; William Bridges, North Platte; Will Sternbach, Mott; M. J. F. Loudy, Sioux City; C. S. Walker, Sioux City; C. W. Ping, Des Moines; Eugene Kansas, Spencer; Henry Thurber, Chicago; A. S. Colvert, Sioux City; Ben Bars, Des Moines; M. Schaefer, Tekamah; S. H. Greulief, Tekamah; Lee Lashbaugh, Council Bluffs; Norman Williams, Portland, Ore.; H. A. Bell, Davenport; J. Deeyer, Randolph; Charles Burnside, Wabash, Ind.; David A. Brown, Newport, Neb.; Joseph Schwarzmann, Hartington.

At the Her Grand: R. E. Cannon, Chicago; E. E. Barnes, Macomb; E. E. Richards, Chicago; H. Hart, Chicago; D. J. Sinclair, St. Louis; M. Brady, South Omaha; C. W. Hart, Kansas City; G. E. Lemmon, Rapid City; I. Stern, New York; I. W. Parkhurst, Chicago; V. Hendricks, Chicago; E. W. Wilkins, Philadelphia; George F. Pollard, New York; C. P. Parkhurst, Chicago; F. M. Libbie, St. Joseph; H. G. Abel, Kansas City; Nat Baker, Lusk; H. L. Collins and Kansas City; George H. Brown, Council Bluffs; Max Noel, Chicago; Charles E. Mearns, Chicago; Robert H. Whitelaw, St. Louis; R. W. Eastlick, St. Louis; Horace H. Eklund, Indianapolis; J. C. Dozier, Louisville; J. W. Davy, Cincinnati.

Graduates at Ashland.
The graduating exercises of the Ashland High school took place at the Opera house here this evening. Dr. H. B. Ward of University Place delivered an address on the "Ethical Education of the Citizen." The Christian Sisters' quartet rendered several selections. The following is the list of graduates: Lawrence A. Per-

MARTIAL LAW IN MINING CAMP
Saloons Ordered Closed and Paper Suspended for Printing Seditious Matter.

WARDNER, Idaho, May 26.—All saloons in Mullin, Gen and Burke have been closed, the publication of the Mullin Mirror stopped and its editor, W. H. Stewart, arrested on a charge of publishing seditious matter. Four hundred and seventy-seven permits for employment have been issued. The last three mine have started up with a full force. None of the mines above Wallace have started, but many men are coming in and they will soon start. General Merriam has left for Denver, leaving Major Smith in command of the United States forces in the county. The miners are now 325 men accused of rioting confined in the new prison just completed here.

The coroner's investigation into the cause of the death of two men during the riot of May 1 is still in session and will probably last a week longer. Three hundred witnesses have been examined and some very damaging evidence is said to have been secured against the alleged rioters. Examination of the records of the miners' union, which were seized by the military authorities, show lists of the men who were to be run out of the country.

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See Below for
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DERIVATION OF GRAPE-NUTS.
Thought was applied and experiments conducted for about two years, seeking to perfect a food easy for the intestinal digestion and yet make use of the carbohydrates, albumen and phosphate of potash obtained from the grains.

Success came, and luckily the scientific food was found to have a most delicious and delicate taste, that of the grape-sugar to be seen glistening on the granules. That suggested the first part of the now famous name. The last part "Nuts" is purely fanciful, the compound word Grape-Nuts, being a coined word, having no actual meaning, a necessary feature to conform to the rules of the U. S. Patent Office on the registration of trade-marks.

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PLEASURE RESORT SCORCHED

Hot Time at Coney Island with a Blaze of
Incendiary Origin.

SEVEN BLOCKS OF BUILDINGS DESTROYED

Bath Houses, Concert Halls and Dan-
cing Pavilions Wiped Out—Loss
Estimated at \$350,000—Sev-
eral People Injured.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Fire started early today in Buschmann's pavilion, Coney Island, and spread rapidly until seven blocks of frame buildings had been destroyed. A conservative estimate of the loss places it at \$350,000. Police and firemen, friends and William Aldrich were painfully but not seriously burned while rousing the sleeping occupants of the several threatened buildings. Richard Downs and William Durkin, 18 and 15 years respectively, who were asleep in the Zaza hotel, were severely burned about the body.

The police believe the fire was of incendiary origin. Deputy Battalion Chief Kirkpatrick of the fire department says he discovered traces of kerosene along the board walk in front of one of the burned buildings.

When the fire department reached the beach front it found a dozen bath houses burning. They were dry as tinder and it was impossible to save them. The flames continued quickly to the Bowers and destroyed two blocks of it before they were gotten under control.

The rapidity of the fire was not to be wondered at, considering the character of the buildings. In one hour after the first puff of smoke gave warning a large square block of buildings of all sizes and character utilized for such purposes as photograph galleries, saloons, dining rooms, dance halls, theaters and the like were in ruins.

When it dawned upon the firemen that they had a serious blaze on their hands the alarms were sounded. All the reserve engines came from Flatbush, Fort Hamilton, Bath Beach, Sheepshead Bay and fourteen companies responded from Brooklyn. The police department hurried down the beach from six precincts. On arriving they once again tried to fight the fire successfully. Those were stretched in all directions and the firemen told to make every effort to stop the spread of the flames, leaving the structures already on fire to burn themselves out. The heaviest losses are: Palmer's dancing pavilion, bath houses and concert hall, \$100,000; Ezra Merrill's roller-coasting plant, \$50,000; Stauch's dancing pavilion and hotel, \$85,000.

In all 200 buildings were destroyed. The police estimate of the loss is \$350,000, but this is probably excessive, as the structures were of the flimsiest character, some of them being little more than sheds of cheap framework. There was no loss of life.</